

## Contents

<i>Preface</i>	<i>page</i> xiii
<i>Acknowledgements</i>	xiv
<b>1 Introduction</b>	<b>1</b>
1.1 Public key cryptography	2
1.2 The textbook RSA cryptosystem	2
1.3 Formal definition of public key cryptography	4
<b>PART I BACKGROUND</b>	<b>11</b>
<b>2 Basic algorithmic number theory</b>	<b>13</b>
2.1 Algorithms and complexity	13
2.2 Integer operations	21
2.3 Euclid's algorithm	24
2.4 Computing Legendre and Jacobi symbols	27
2.5 Modular arithmetic	29
2.6 Chinese remainder theorem	31
2.7 Linear algebra	32
2.8 Modular exponentiation	33
2.9 Square roots modulo $p$	36
2.10 Polynomial arithmetic	38
2.11 Arithmetic in finite fields	39
2.12 Factoring polynomials over finite fields	40
2.13 Hensel lifting	43
2.14 Algorithms in finite fields	43
2.15 Computing orders of elements and primitive roots	47
2.16 Fast evaluation of polynomials at multiple points	51
2.17 Pseudorandom generation	53
2.18 Summary	53
<b>3 Hash functions and MACs</b>	<b>54</b>
3.1 Security properties of hash functions	54
3.2 Birthday attack	55

vi	<i>Contents</i>	
3.3	Message authentication codes	56
3.4	Constructions of hash functions	56
3.5	Number-theoretic hash functions	57
3.6	Full domain hash	57
3.7	Random oracle model	58
<b>PART II</b>	<b>ALGEBRAIC GROUPS</b>	<b>59</b>
<b>4</b>	<b>Preliminary remarks on algebraic groups</b>	<b>61</b>
4.1	Informal definition of an algebraic group	61
4.2	Examples of algebraic groups	62
4.3	Algebraic group quotients	63
4.4	Algebraic groups over rings	64
<b>5</b>	<b>Varieties</b>	<b>66</b>
5.1	Affine algebraic sets	66
5.2	Projective algebraic sets	69
5.3	Irreducibility	74
5.4	Function fields	76
5.5	Rational maps and morphisms	79
5.6	Dimension	83
5.7	Weil restriction of scalars	84
<b>6</b>	<b>Tori, LUC and XTR</b>	<b>86</b>
6.1	Cyclotomic subgroups of finite fields	86
6.2	Algebraic tori	88
6.3	The group $G_{q,2}$	89
6.4	The group $G_{q,6}$	94
6.5	Further remarks	99
6.6	Algebraic tori over rings	99
<b>7</b>	<b>Curves and divisor class groups</b>	<b>101</b>
7.1	Non-singular varieties	101
7.2	Weierstrass equations	105
7.3	Uniformisers on curves	106
7.4	Valuation at a point on a curve	108
7.5	Valuations and points on curves	110
7.6	Divisors	111
7.7	Principal divisors	112
7.8	Divisor class group	114
7.9	Elliptic curves	116
<b>8</b>	<b>Rational maps on curves and divisors</b>	<b>121</b>
8.1	Rational maps of curves and the degree	121
8.2	Extensions of valuations	123

<i>Contents</i>		vii
8.3	Maps on divisor classes	126
8.4	Riemann–Roch spaces	129
8.5	Derivations and differentials	130
8.6	Genus zero curves	136
8.7	Riemann–Roch theorem and Hurwitz genus formula	137
<b>9</b>	<b>Elliptic curves</b>	<b>138</b>
9.1	Group law	138
9.2	Morphisms between elliptic curves	140
9.3	Isomorphisms of elliptic curves	142
9.4	Automorphisms	143
9.5	Twists	144
9.6	Isogenies	146
9.7	The invariant differential	153
9.8	Multiplication by $n$ and division polynomials	155
9.9	Endomorphism structure	156
9.10	Frobenius map	158
9.11	Supersingular elliptic curves	164
9.12	Alternative models for elliptic curves	168
9.13	Statistical properties of elliptic curves over finite fields	175
9.14	Elliptic curves over rings	177
<b>10</b>	<b>Hyperelliptic curves</b>	<b>178</b>
10.1	Non-singular models for hyperelliptic curves	179
10.2	Isomorphisms, automorphisms and twists	186
10.3	Effective affine divisors on hyperelliptic curves	188
10.4	Addition in the divisor class group	196
10.5	Jacobians, Abelian varieties and isogenies	204
10.6	Elements of order $n$	206
10.7	Hyperelliptic curves over finite fields	206
10.8	Supersingular curves	209
<b>PART III EXPONENTIATION, FACTORING AND DISCRETE LOGARITHMS</b>		<b>213</b>
<b>11</b>	<b>Basic algorithms for algebraic groups</b>	<b>215</b>
11.1	Efficient exponentiation using signed exponents	215
11.2	Multi-exponentiation	219
11.3	Efficient exponentiation in specific algebraic groups	221
11.4	Sampling from algebraic groups	231
11.5	Determining group structure and computing generators for elliptic curves	235
11.6	Testing subgroup membership	236

<b>12</b>	<b>Primality testing and integer factorisation using algebraic groups</b>	<b>238</b>
12.1	Primality testing	238
12.2	Generating random primes	240
12.3	The $p - 1$ factoring method	242
12.4	Elliptic curve method	244
12.5	Pollard–Strassen method	245
<b>13</b>	<b>Basic discrete logarithm algorithms</b>	<b>246</b>
13.1	Exhaustive search	247
13.2	The Pohlig–Hellman method	247
13.3	Baby-step–giant-step (BSGS) method	250
13.4	Lower bound on complexity of generic algorithms for the DLP	253
13.5	Generalised discrete logarithm problems	256
13.6	Low Hamming weight DLP	258
13.7	Low Hamming weight product exponents	260
<b>14</b>	<b>Factoring and discrete logarithms using pseudorandom walks</b>	<b>262</b>
14.1	Birthday paradox	262
14.2	The Pollard rho method	264
14.3	Distributed Pollard rho	273
14.4	Speeding up the rho algorithm using equivalence classes	276
14.5	The kangaroo method	280
14.6	Distributed kangaroo algorithm	287
14.7	The Gaudry–Schost algorithm	292
14.8	Parallel collision search in other contexts	296
14.9	Pollard rho factoring method	297
<b>15</b>	<b>Factoring and discrete logarithms in subexponential time</b>	<b>301</b>
15.1	Smooth integers	301
15.2	Factoring using random squares	303
15.3	Elliptic curve method revisited	310
15.4	The number field sieve	312
15.5	Index calculus in finite fields	313
15.6	Discrete logarithms on hyperelliptic curves	324
15.7	Weil descent	328
15.8	Discrete logarithms on elliptic curves over extension fields	329
15.9	Further results	332
<b>PART IV</b>	<b>LATTICES</b>	<b>335</b>
<b>16</b>	<b>Lattices</b>	<b>337</b>
16.1	Basic notions on lattices	338
16.2	The Hermite and Minkowski bounds	343
16.3	Computational problems in lattices	345

<b>17</b>	<b>Lattice basis reduction</b>	<b>347</b>
17.1	Lattice basis reduction in two dimensions	347
17.2	LLL-reduced lattice bases	352
17.3	The Gram–Schmidt algorithm	356
17.4	The LLL algorithm	358
17.5	Complexity of LLL	362
17.6	Variants of the LLL algorithm	365
<b>18</b>	<b>Algorithms for the closest and shortest vector problems</b>	<b>366</b>
18.1	Babai’s nearest plane method	366
18.2	Babai’s rounding technique	371
18.3	The embedding technique	373
18.4	Enumerating all short vectors	375
18.5	Korkine–Zolotarev bases	379
<b>19</b>	<b>Coppersmith’s method and related applications</b>	<b>380</b>
19.1	Coppersmith’s method for modular univariate polynomials	380
19.2	Multivariate modular polynomial equations	387
19.3	Bivariate integer polynomials	387
19.4	Some applications of Coppersmith’s method	390
19.5	Simultaneous Diophantine approximation	397
19.6	Approximate integer greatest common divisors	398
19.7	Learning with errors	400
19.8	Further applications of lattice reduction	402
<b>PART V</b>	<b>CRYPTOGRAPHY RELATED TO DISCRETE LOGARITHMS</b>	<b>403</b>
<b>20</b>	<b>The Diffie–Hellman problem and cryptographic applications</b>	<b>405</b>
20.1	The discrete logarithm assumption	405
20.2	Key exchange	405
20.3	Textbook Elgamal encryption	408
20.4	Security of textbook Elgamal encryption	410
20.5	Security of Diffie–Hellman key exchange	414
20.6	Efficiency considerations for discrete logarithm cryptography	416
<b>21</b>	<b>The Diffie–Hellman problem</b>	<b>418</b>
21.1	Variants of the Diffie–Hellman problem	418
21.2	Lower bound on the complexity of CDH for generic algorithms	422
21.3	Random self-reducibility and self-correction of CDH	423
21.4	The den Boer and Maurer reductions	426
21.5	Algorithms for static Diffie–Hellman	435
21.6	Hard bits of discrete logarithms	439
21.7	Bit security of Diffie–Hellman	443

<b>22</b>	<b>Digital signatures based on discrete logarithms</b>	<b>452</b>
22.1	Schnorr signatures	452
22.2	Other public key signature schemes	459
22.3	Lattice attacks on signatures	466
22.4	Other signature functionalities	467
<b>23</b>	<b>Public key encryption based on discrete logarithms</b>	<b>469</b>
23.1	CCA secure Elgamal encryption	469
23.2	Cramer–Shoup encryption	474
23.3	Other encryption functionalities	478
<b>PART VI CRYPTOGRAPHY RELATED TO INTEGER FACTORISATION</b>		<b>483</b>
<b>24</b>	<b>The RSA and Rabin cryptosystems</b>	<b>485</b>
24.1	The textbook RSA cryptosystem	485
24.2	The textbook Rabin cryptosystem	491
24.3	Homomorphic encryption	498
24.4	Algebraic attacks on textbook RSA and Rabin	499
24.5	Attacks on RSA parameters	504
24.6	Digital signatures based on RSA and Rabin	507
24.7	Public key encryption based on RSA and Rabin	511
<b>PART VII ADVANCED TOPICS IN ELLIPTIC AND HYPERELLIPTIC CURVES</b>		<b>513</b>
<b>25</b>	<b>Isogenies of elliptic curves</b>	<b>515</b>
25.1	Isogenies and kernels	515
25.2	Isogenies from $j$ -invariants	523
25.3	Isogeny graphs of elliptic curves over finite fields	529
25.4	The structure of the ordinary isogeny graph	535
25.5	Constructing isogenies between elliptic curves	540
25.6	Relating the discrete logarithm problem on isogenous curves	543
<b>26</b>	<b>Pairings on elliptic curves</b>	<b>545</b>
26.1	Weil reciprocity	545
26.2	The Weil pairing	546
26.3	The Tate–Lichtenbaum pairing	548
26.4	Reduction of ECDLP to finite fields	557
26.5	Computational problems	559
26.6	Pairing-friendly elliptic curves	561
<b>Appendix A Background mathematics</b>		<b>564</b>
A.1	Basic notation	564
A.2	Groups	564

	<i>Contents</i>	xi
A.3	Rings	565
A.4	Modules	565
A.5	Polynomials	566
A.6	Field extensions	567
A.7	Galois theory	569
A.8	Finite fields	570
A.9	Ideals	571
A.10	Vector spaces and linear algebra	572
A.11	Hermite normal form	575
A.12	Orders in quadratic fields	575
A.13	Binary strings	576
A.14	Probability and combinatorics	576
	<i>References</i>	579
	<i>Author index</i>	603
	<i>Subject index</i>	608